	Case 2:20-cv-00546-JAM-DMC Docume	nt 13 Filed 02/17/21 Page 1 of 2
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	RANDY AUSBORN,	No. 2:20-CV-0546-JAM-DMC-P
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
14	CALIFORNIA HEALTH CARE FACILTY, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16	Defendants.	
17		
18	Plaintiff, a prisoner proceeding pro se, brings this civil rights action pursuant to	
19	42 U.S.C. § 1983. On November 13, 2020, mail directed to Plaintiff was returned by the United	
20	States Postal Service as undeliverable. Pursuant to Eastern District of California Local Rule	
21	183(b), any party appearing pro se must file and serve a notice of change of address within 63	
22	days of mail being returned. To date, more than 63 days have elapsed since mail was returned	
23	and Plaintiff has not notified the Court of a change of address.	
24	The Court must weigh five factors before imposing the harsh sanction of dismissal.	
25	See Bautista v. Los Angeles County, 216 F.3d 837, 841 (9th Cir. 2000); Malone v. U.S. Postal	
26	Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987). Those factors are: (1) the public's interest in	
27	expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its own docket; (3) the risk of	
28	prejudice to opposing parties; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits;  1	

## 

and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions. See id.; see also Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52,		
53 (9th Cir. 1995) (per curiam). A warning that the action may be dismissed as an appropriate		
sanction is considered a less drastic alternative sufficient to satisfy the last factor. See Malone,		
833 F.2d at 132-33 & n.1. The sanction of dismissal for lack of prosecution is appropriate where		
there has been unreasonable delay. <u>See Henderson v. Duncan</u> , 779 F.2d 1421, 1423 (9th Cir.		
1986). Dismissal has also been held to be an appropriate sanction for failure to inform the district		
court and parties of a change of address pursuant to local rules. See Carey v. King, 856 F.2d		
1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (per curiam).		
Having considered these factors, and in light of Plaintiff's failure to submit a		
notice of shounds of address the Count finds that dismissed of this action is annuariate		

notice of change of address, the Court finds that dismissal of this action is appropriate.

Based on the foregoing, the undersigned recommends that this action be dismissed, without prejudice, for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with court rules and orders, and that all pending motions, ECF Nos. 8 and 11, be denied as moot.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within 14 days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the court. Responses to objections shall be filed within 14 days after service of objections. Failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal. See Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

Dated: February 17, 2021

DENNIS M. COTA

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE